

AmpliSens® *Trichomonas vaginalis*-FRT PCR kit Instruction Manual

RUO

For Professional Use Only

KEY TO SYMBOLS USED

	Catalogue number		Caution
	Batch code		Sufficient for
	Research Use Only		Use-by Date
	Version		Consult instructions for use
	Temperature limit		Keep away from sunlight
	Manufacturer		Negative control of amplification
	Date of manufacture		Negative control of extraction
	Internal control		Positive control of amplification

1. INTENDED USE

AmpliSens® *Trichomonas vaginalis*-FRT PCR kit is an *in vitro* nucleic acid amplification test for qualitative detection of *Trichomonas vaginalis* DNA in the biological material (urogenital swabs, urine samples, and prostate gland secretion) using real-time hybridization-fluorescence detection of amplified products.

NOTE: For research use only. Not for diagnostic procedures.

2. PRINCIPLE OF PCR DETECTION

Trichomonas vaginalis detection by the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) is based on the amplification of pathogen genome specific region using specific primers. In real-time PCR the amplified product is detected by using fluorescent dyes. These dyes are linked to oligonucleotide probes which bind specifically to the amplified product. Real-time monitoring of fluorescence intensities during the real-time PCR allows the detection of accumulating product without re-opening the reaction tubes after the PCR run.

AmpliSens® *Trichomonas vaginalis*-FRT PCR kit is a qualitative test that contains the Internal Control (Internal Control-FL (IC)), which must be used in the extraction procedure in order to control the extraction process of each individual sample and to identify possible reaction inhibition.

AmpliSens® *Trichomonas vaginalis*-FRT PCR kit uses "hot-start", which greatly reduces the frequency of nonspecifically primed reactions. "Hot-start" is guaranteed by the separation of nucleotides and Taq-polymerase using chemically modified polymerase (TaqF). The chemically modified polymerase (TaqF) is activated by heating at 95 °C for 15 min.

The PCR kit contains the system for prevention of contamination by amplicons using the enzyme uracil-DNA-glycosylase (UDG) and deoxyuridine triphosphate. The enzyme UDG recognizes and catalyzes the destruction of the DNA containing deoxyuridine, but has no effect on DNA containing deoxythymidine. Deoxyuridine is absent in the authentic DNA, but is always present in amplicons, because deoxyuridine triphosphate is a part of dNTP mixture in the reagents for the amplification. Due to the deoxyuridine containing contaminating amplicons are sensitive to the destruction by UDG before the DNA-target amplification. So the amplicons cannot be amplified.

The enzyme UDG is thermolabile. It is inactivated by heating at temperature above 50 °C. Therefore, UDG does not destroy the target amplicons which are accumulated during PCR. The results of amplification are registered in the following fluorescence channels:

Table 1

Channel for fluorophore	FAM	JOE
DNA-target	<i>Trichomonas vaginalis</i> DNA	Internal Control-FL (IC) DNA
Target gene	<i>Trichomonas vaginalis</i> repeated DNA target for PCR identification	Artificially synthesized sequence

3. CONTENT

AmpliSens® *Trichomonas vaginalis*-FRT PCR kit is produced in 2 forms: variant FRT-100 F,  R-B6-F(RG,iQ)-CE;

variant FRT-100 F in bulk¹,  R-B6-F(RG,iQ)-CE-B.

Variant FRT-100 F includes:

Reagent	Description	Volume, ml	Quantity
PCR-mix-1-FL <i>Trichomonas vaginalis</i>	clear liquid from colorless to light lilac colour	1.2	1 tube
PCR-mix-2-FRT	colorless clear liquid	0.3	2 tubes
Polymerase (TaqF)	colorless clear liquid	0.03	2 tubes
Positive Control complex (C+)	colorless clear liquid	0.2	1 tube
DNA-buffer	colorless clear liquid	0.5	1 tube
Negative Control (C-)*	colorless clear liquid	1.2	1 tube
Internal Control-FL (IC)**	colorless clear liquid	1.0	1 tube

* must be used in the extraction procedure as Negative Control of Extraction

** add 10 µl of Internal Control (IC) during the DNA extraction directly to the sample/lysis mixture (see the DNA-sorb-AM protocol).

Variant FRT-100 F is intended for 110 reactions (including controls).

4. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- DNA extraction kit.
- Transport medium.
- Disposable powder-free gloves and laboratory coat.
- Pipettes (adjustable).
- Sterile pipette tips with aerosol filters up to 100 µl.
- Tube racks.
- Vortex mixer.
- Desktop centrifuge with rotor for 2-ml reaction tubes.
- PCR box.
- Real-time instruments (for example, Rotor-Gene 3000/6000 (Corbett Research, Australia), iCycler iQ or iCycler iQ5 (Bio-Rad, USA), Mx3000P (Stratagene, USA)).
- Disposable polypropylene PCR tubes (0.1- or 0.2-ml):
 - a) 0.2-ml PCR tubes with optical transparent domed caps if a plate-type instrument is used;
 - b) 0.2-ml PCR tubes with flat caps or strips of four 0.1-ml Rotor-Gene PCR tubes if a rotor-type instrument is used.
- Refrigerator for 2–8 °C.
- Deep-freezer at the temperature from minus 24 to minus 16 °C.
- Reservoir for used tips.

5. GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

The user should always pay attention to the following:

- Use sterile pipette tips with aerosol filters and use a new tip for every procedure.
- Store all extracted positive material (specimens, controls and amplicons) away from all other reagents and add it to the reaction mix in a distinctly separated facility.
- Thaw all components thoroughly at room temperature before starting an assay.
- When thawed, mix the components and centrifuge briefly.
- Use disposable protective gloves and laboratory cloths, and protect eyes while samples and reagents handling. Thoroughly wash hands afterwards.
- Do not eat, drink, smoke, apply cosmetics, or handle contact lenses in laboratory work areas.
- Do not use a kit after its expiration date.
- Dispose of all specimens and unused reagents in accordance with local regulations.
- Samples should be considered potentially infectious and handled in biological cabinet in compliance with appropriate biosafety practices.
- Clean and disinfect all samples or reagents spills using a disinfectant, such as 0.5 % sodium hypochlorite or another suitable disinfectant.
- Avoid inhalation of vapors, samples and reagents contact with the skin, eyes, and mucous membranes. Harmful if swallowed. If these solutions come into contact, rinse the injured area immediately with water and seek medical advice if necessary.
- Safety Data Sheets (SDS) are available on request.
- Use of this product should be limited to personnel trained in DNA amplification techniques.
- Workflow in the laboratory must be one-directional, beginning in the Extraction Area and moving to the Amplification and Detection Area. Do not return samples, equipment and reagents in the area where the previous step was performed.



Some components of this kit contain sodium azide as a preservative. Do not use metal tubing for reagent transfer.

6. SAMPLING AND HANDLING

NOTE: Obtaining samples of biological materials for PCR-analysis, transportation, and storage are described in the manufacturer's handbook [1]. It is recommended that this handbook is read before starting work.

AmpliSens® *Trichomonas vaginalis*-FRT PCR kit is intended for analysis of the DNA extracted with DNA extraction kits from the biological material (urogenital swabs; urine (a sediment of the first portion of the morning specimen); prostate gland secretion).

¹ In bulk form contains unlabeled tubes. Tubes with identical reagent are packed in one bag with label.

7. WORKING CONDITIONS

AmpliSens® *Trichomonas vaginalis*-FRT PCR kit should be used at 18–25 °C.

8. PROTOCOL

8.1. DNA Extraction

It is recommended to use the following nucleic acid extraction kits:

- **DNA-sorb-AM**;
 - For other nucleic acid extraction kits see Guidelines [2].
- The DNA extraction of each test sample is carried out in the presence of **Internal Control-FL (IC)**.

In the extraction procedure it is necessary to carry out the control reactions as follows:

- Add **100 µl of Negative Control (C–)** to the tube labeled C– (Negative control of Extraction).

NOTE: Extract DNA according to the manufacturer's protocol.

8.2. Preparing PCR

8.2.1 Preparing tubes for PCR

The type of tubes depends on the PCR instrument used for analysis. Use disposable filter tips for adding reagents, DNA and control samples into tubes.

The total reaction volume is **25 µl**, the volume of DNA sample is **10 µl**

- 1 Thaw the tube with **PCR-mix-2-FRT**. Vortex the tubes with **PCR-mix-1-FL *Trichomonas vaginalis***, **PCR-mix-2-FRT**, and **polymerase (TaqF)**, then centrifuge briefly.

Take the required number of the tubes/stripes for amplification of DNA obtained from test and control samples.

- 2 For N reactions (including 2 controls of amplification) add to a new tube:

10*(N+1) µl of PCR-mix-1-FL *Trichomonas vaginalis*;

5.0*(N+1) µl of PCR-mix-2-FRT;

0.5*(N+1) µl of polymerase (TaqF).

Vortex the tube, then centrifuge briefly. Transfer **15 µl** of the prepared mixture to each tube.

Steps 3 and 4 are required in both variants.

- 3 Add **10 µl of DNA samples** obtained at the stage of DNA extraction.
- 4 Carry out control amplification reactions:
 - NCA** – Add **10 µl of DNA-buffer** to the tube labeled NCA (Negative Control of Amplification).
 - C+** – Add **10 µl of Positive Control complex (C+)** (to the tube labeled C+ (Positive Control of Amplification)).
 - C–** – Add **10 µl of the sample extracted from the Negative Control (C–) reagent** to the tube labeled C- (Negative Control of Extraction).

8.2.2. Amplification

1. Create a temperature profile on your instrument as follows:

Table 2

Step	Rotor-type Instruments ²			Plate-type Instruments ³		
	Temperature, °C	Time	Cycles	Temperature, °C	Time	Cycles
1	95	15 min	1	95	15 min	1
2	95	5 s	5	95	5 s	5
	60	20 s		60	20 s	
	72	15 s		72	15 s	
3	95	5 s	40	95	5 s	40
	60	Fluorescence acquiring		60	Fluorescence acquiring	
	72	15 s		72	15 s	

Fluorescent signal is detected in the channels for FAM and JOE fluorophores (other channels are enabled if several tests are simultaneously carried out in a single run).

2. Adjust the fluorescence channel sensitivity according to the *Important Product Information Bulletin* and Guidelines [2].
3. Insert tubes into the reaction module of the device.
4. Run the amplification program with fluorescence detection.
5. Analyze results after the amplification program is completed.

9. DATA ANALYSIS

Analysis of results is performed by the software of the real-time PCR instrument used by measuring fluorescence signal accumulation in two channels:

- The signal of the *Trichomonas vaginalis* DNA amplification product is detected in the channel for the FAM fluorophore;
- The signal of the Internal Control amplification product is detected in the channel for the JOE fluorophore.

Results are interpreted by the crossing (or not crossing) the fluorescence curve with the threshold line set at the specific level that corresponds to the presence (or absence) of Ct value of the DNA sample in the corresponding column of the result grid.

Principle of interpretation is the following:

- *Trichomonas vaginalis* DNA is **detected** in a sample if the Ct value is determined in the result grid in the channel for the FAM fluorophore. Moreover, the fluorescence curve of the sample should cross the threshold line in the area of typical exponential growth of fluorescence.
- *Trichomonas vaginalis* DNA is **not detected** in a sample if the Ct value is not determined (absent) in the result grid in the channel for the FAM fluorophore (the fluorescence curve does not cross the threshold line), whereas the Ct value in the channel for JOE fluorophore is less than the specified boundary Ct value.
- The result is **invalid** if Ct value is not determined (absent) in the channel for FAM fluorophore, whereas the Ct value in the channel for JOE fluorophore is not determined (absent) or greater than the specified boundary Ct value. In such cases, the PCR analysis should be repeated for such samples.

NOTE: Boundary Ct values are specified in the *Important Product Information Bulletin* enclosed to the PCR kit. See also Guidelines [2]

The result of the analysis is considered reliable only if the results obtained for the Positive and Negative Controls of amplification as well as for the Negative Control of extraction are correct (see Table 3).

² For example, Rotor-Gene 3000, Rotor-Gene 6000, Rotor-Gene Q or equivalent.

³ For example, iCycler, iQ5, Mx3000P, Mx3000, DT-96 or equivalent.

Results for controls

Table 3

Control	Stage for control	Ct value in the channel for fluorophore	
		FAM	JOE
C–	DNA extraction	Absent	< boundary value
NCA	PCR	Absent	Absent
C+	PCR	< boundary value	< boundary value

10. TROUBLESHOOTING

Results of analysis are not taken into account in the following cases:

1. If the Ct value determined for the Positive Control of Amplification (C+) in the channel for the FAM fluorophore is greater than the boundary Ct value or absent, the amplification should be repeated for all samples in which *Trichomonas vaginalis* DNA was not detected.
2. If the Ct value is determined for the Negative Control of Amplification (NCA) and/or Negative Control of Extraction (C–) in the channel for the FAM fluorophore, the PCR analysis (beginning with the RNA extraction stage) should be repeated for all samples in which *Trichomonas vaginalis* DNA was detected.

11. TRANSPORTATION

AmpliSens® *Trichomonas vaginalis*-FRT PCR kit should be transported at 2–8 °C for no longer than 5 days.

12. STABILITY AND STORAGE

All components of the AmpliSens® *Trichomonas vaginalis*-FRT PCR kit are to be stored at 2–8 °C when not in use (except for polymerase (TaqF) and PCR-mix-2-FRT).

All components of the AmpliSens® *Trichomonas vaginalis*-FRT PCR kit are stable until the expiry date stated on the label. PCR kit variant FRT-100 F can be stored without unpacking at 2 to 8 °C for 3 months from the date of manufacture before opening. Once opened, PCR kit variant FRT-100 F should be unpacked in accordance with the storage temperatures for each component. The shelf life of reagents before and after the first use is the same, unless otherwise stated.

NOTE: Polymerase (TaqF) and PCR-mix-2-FRT are to be stored at the temperature from minus 24 to minus 16 °C.

NOTE: PCR-mix-1-FL *Trichomonas vaginalis* is to be kept away from light.

13. SPECIFICATIONS

13.1. Sensitivity

The analytical sensitivity of AmpliSens® *Trichomonas vaginalis*-FRT PCR kit is specified in the table below:

Biological material	Transport medium	Nucleic acid extraction kit	Analytical sensitivity, GE/ml ^{±4}
Urogenital swabs	Transport Medium for Swabs or Transport Medium with Mucolytic Agent	DNA-sorb-AM	5 x 10 ²
Urine ⁵	—	DNA-sorb-AM	1 x 10 ³

13.2. Specificity

The analytical specificity of AmpliSens® *Trichomonas vaginalis*-FRT PCR kit is ensured by selection of specific primers and probes as well as stringent reaction conditions. The primers and probes were checked for possible homologies to all sequences published in gene banks by sequence comparison analysis.

Nonspecific reactions were absent while testing human DNA samples as well as a DNA panel of the following microorganisms: *Gardnerella vaginalis*, *Lactobacillus* spp., *Escherichia coli*, *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Streptococcus pyogenes*, *Streptococcus agalactiae*, *Candida albicans*, *Mycoplasma hominis*, *Ureaplasma urealyticum*, *Ureaplasma parvum*, *Neisseria flava*, *Neisseria subflava*, *Neisseria sicca*, *Neisseria mucosa*, *Neisseria gonorrhoeae*, *Chlamydia trachomatis*, *Treponema pallidum*, *Toxoplasma gondii*, *HSV* types 1 and 2, *CMV*, and *HPV*.

14. REFERENCES

1. Handbook "Sampling, Transportation, and Storage of Clinical Material for PCR Diagnostics", developed by Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology" of Federal Service for Surveillance on Consumers' Rights Protection and Human Well-Being.
2. Guidelines "Real-Time PCR Detection of STIs and Other Reproductive Tract Infections" developed by Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology" of Federal Service for Surveillance on Consumers' Rights Protection and Human Well-Being, Moscow.

15. QUALITY CONTROL

In accordance with Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology" ISO 13485-Certified Quality Management System, each lot of AmpliSens® *Trichomonas vaginalis*-FRT PCR kit has been tested against predetermined specifications to ensure consistent product quality.

⁴ Genome equivalents (GE) of the pathogen agent per 1 ml of a sample placed in the transport medium.

⁵ Pretreatment is required.

List of Changes Made in the Instruction Manual

VER	Location of changes	Essence of changes
09.06.11 VV	Cover page, text	The name of Institute was changed to Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology"
	CONTENT	Information about variant FRT (with aliquoted reagents) was deleted
	Preparing PCR	
	Key to Symbols Used	The explanation of symbols was corrected
21.06.11 VV	Cover page, text	The name of Institute was changed to Federal Budget Institute of Science "Central Research Institute for Epidemiology"
18.11.12 IVI	Title page, Key to Symbols Used	Symbol RUC research use only was changed to IVD <i>in vitro</i> diagnostic medical device
11.06.13 FN	Cover page	Symbol IVD was changed to RUC
	Key to Symbols Used	
07.07.17 PM	Through the text	Corrections in accordance with the template
	8.1. DNA extraction	Information about controls of extraction was added
	9. Data analysis	The sections were rewritten
	10. Troubleshooting	
14.12.17 PM	3. Content	Description of PCR-mix-1-FL <i>Trichomonas vaginalis</i> was specified
10.01.19 EM	2. Principle of PCR detection	The information about the enzyme UDG was added
31.05.21 VA	Through the text	The text formatting was changed
	2. Principle of PCR detection	The table with targets was added
	Footer	The phrase "For research use only. Not for diagnostic procedures" was added
11.08.23 EM	3. Content	REF R-B6-F(RG,iQ)-CE was added
	Footer	

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