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For Professional Use Only

eSens Ureaplasma/M.genitalium/M.hominis QL PCR kit

REF ES3048A

Instructions for Use

1 INTENDED USE

eSens Ureaplasma/M.genitalium/M.hominis QL PCR kit is an *in vitro* nucleic acid amplification test for simultaneous detection of DNA of *Ureaplasma* spp. *(U.parvum* and *U.urealyticum)*, *Mycoplasma genitalium* and *Mycoplasma hominis* in the clinical material (urogenital, rectal and oropharyngeal swabs; conjunctival discharge; prostate gland secretion; and urine samples) using real-time hybridization-fluorescence detection of amplified products.

NOTE: The results of PCR analysis are taken into account in complex diagnostics of disease.

2 PRINCIPLE OF PCR DETECTION

Ureaplasma / Mycoplasma genitalium / Mycoplasma hominis detection by the multiplex polymerase chain reaction (PCR) is based on the amplification of pathogen genome specific regions using specific *Ureaplasma / Mycoplasma genitalium / Mycoplasma hominis* primers. In the real-time PCR, the amplified product is detected with the use of fluorescent dyes. These dyes are linked to oligonucleotide probes, which bind specifically to the amplified product during thermocycling. The real-time monitoring of fluorescence intensities during the real-time PCR allows the detection of accumulating product without re-opening the reaction tubes after the PCR run.

eSens Ureaplasma/M.genitalium/M.hominis QL PCR kit is a qualitative test that contains the Internal Control (Internal Control-FL (IC)). It must be used in the extraction procedure in order to control the extraction process of each individual sample and to identify possible reaction inhibition.

eSens Ureaplasma/M.genitalium/M.hominis QL PCR kit uses “hot-start”, which greatly reduces the frequency of nonspecifically primed reactions. “Hot-start” is guaranteed by separation of nucleotides and Taq-polymerase by using a wax layer or a chemically modified polymerase (TaqF). Wax melts and reaction components mix only at 95 °C. Chemically modified polymerase (TaqF) is activated by heating at 95 °C for 15 min.

The PCR kit by amplicons using the enzyme uracil-DNA-glycosylase (UDG) and deoxyuridine triphosphate. contains the system for prevention of contamination The enzyme UDG recognizes and catalyzes the destruction of the DNA containing deoxyuridine, but has no effect on DNA containing deoxythymidine. Deoxyuridine is absent in the authentic DNA, but is always present in amplicons, because deoxyuridine triphosphate is a part of dNTP mixture in the reagents for the amplification. Due to the deoxyuridine containing contaminating amplicons are sensitive to the destruction by UDG before the DNA-target amplification. So, the amplicons cannot be amplified.

The enzyme UDG is thermolabile. It is inactivated by heating at temperature above 50 °C. Therefore, UDG does not destroy the target amplicons which are accumulated during PCR.

The results of amplification are registered in the following fluorescence channels.

Table 1

Channel for fluorophore	JOE	ROX	Cy5	Cy5.5
DNA-target	*Ureaplasma* sp.	*Mycoplasma genitalium*	Internal Control-FL	*Mycoplasma hominis*
Target gene	*UreC*	*gyrB* gene	genetically engineered construction	*16*s rRNA gene

3 CONTENT

eSens Ureaplasma/M.genitalium/M.hominis QL PCR kit (ES3048A) contains:

Reagent	Description	Volume, ml	Quantity
PCR-mix-1-FL *Ureaplasma / M.genitalium / M.hominis*	clear liquid from colorless to blue grey colour	1.2	1 tube
PCR-mix-2-FRT	colorless clear liquid	0.6	1 tube
Polymerase (TaqF)	colorless clear liquid	0.06	1 tube
Positive Control complex (C+)	colorless clear liquid	0.2	1 tube
DNA-buffer	colorless clear liquid	0.5	1 tube
Negative Control (C–)*	colorless clear liquid	1.2	1 tube
Internal Control-FL (IC)**	colorless clear liquid	1.0	1 tube

* must be used in the extraction procedure as Negative Control of Extraction.

** add **10 µl** of **Internal Control-FL (IC)** during the DNA extraction procedure directly to the sample/lysis mixture.

eSens Ureaplasma/M.genitalium/M.hominis QL PCR kit is intended for 110 reactions (including controls).

4 ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- DNA extraction kit.
- Transport medium.
- Disposable powder-free gloves and a laboratory coat.
- Pipettes (adjustable).
- Sterile pipette tips with aerosol filters (up to 100 µl).
- Tube racks.
- Vortex mixer.
- Desktop centrifuge with rotor for 2-ml reaction tubes.
- PCR box.
- Real-time instruments (for example, Rotor-Gene Q (QIAGEN, Germany), CFX 96 Touch, CFX 96 Opus (Bio-Rad, USA), QuantStudio 5 (Thermo Fisher Scientific), or equivalent).
- Disposable polypropylene PCR tubes (0.1- or 0.2-ml):
    - 0.2-ml PCR tubes with optical transparent domed or flat caps if a plate-type instrument is used;
    - 0.2-ml PCR tubes with flat caps or strips of four 0.1-ml Rotor-Gene PCR tubes if a rotor-type instrument is used.
- Refrigerator for 2–8 °C.
- Deep-freezer at the temperature from minus 24 to minus 16 °C.
- Reservoir for used tips.

5 GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

The user should always pay attention to the following:

- Use sterile pipette tips with aerosol filters and use a new tip for every procedure.
- Store all extracted positive material (specimens, controls and amplicons) away from all other reagents and add it to the reaction mix in a distantly separated facility.
- Thaw all components thoroughly at room temperature before starting an assay.
- When thawed, mix the components and centrifuge briefly.
- Use disposable protective gloves and laboratory cloths, and protect eyes while samples and reagents handling. Thoroughly wash hands afterwards.
- Do not eat, drink, smoke, apply cosmetics, or handle contact lenses in laboratory work areas.
- Do not use a kit after its expiration date.
- Dispose of all specimens and unused reagents in accordance with local regulations.
- Samples should be considered potentially infectious and handled in biological cabinet in compliance with appropriate biosafety practices.
- Clean and disinfect all samples or reagents spills using a disinfectant, such as 0.5 % sodium hypochlorite or another suitable disinfectant.
- Avoid inhalation of vapors, samples and reagents contact with the skin, eyes, and mucous membranes. Harmful if swallowed. If these solutions come into contact, rinse the injured area immediately with water and seek medical advice if necessary.
- Safety Data Sheets (SDS) are available on request.
- Use of this product should be limited to personnel trained in DNA amplification techniques.
- Workflow in the laboratory must be one-directional, beginning in the Extraction Area and moving to the Amplification and Detection Area. Do not return samples, equipment and reagents in the area where the previous step was performed.

⚠ Some components of this kit contain sodium azide as a preservative. Do not use metal tubing for reagent transfer.

6 SAMPLING AND HANDLING

eSens Ureaplasma/M.genitalium/M.hominis QL PCR kit is intended for analysis of DNA extracted with DNA extraction kits from the clinical material (urogenital swabs, rectal swabs, oropharyngeal swabs, conjunctival discharge and prostate gland secretion, urine samples).

7 WORKING CONDITIONS

eSens Ureaplasma/M.genitalium/M.hominis QL PCR kit should be used at 18–25 °C.

8 PROTOCOL

8.1 DNA extraction

Any commercial nucleic acid extraction kit, if IVD-CE validated for the indicated specimen types, could be used.

Ecoli Dx, s.r.o. recommends:

- For the manual extraction

- **DNA-sorb-AM** (K1-12-100-CE)

- For the automatic extraction

- **ePure STD DNA Extraction Kit** (E2007)

The DNA extraction of each test sample is carried out in the presence of **Internal Control-FL (IC).**

NOTE: Extract DNA according to the manufacturer's protocol.

8.2 Preparing PCR

8.2.1 Preparing tubes for PCR

The type of tubes depends on the PCR instrument used for analysis. Use disposable filter tips for adding reagents, DNA and control samples into tubes.

The total reaction volume is **25 µl**, the volume of DNA sample is **10 µl**.

1. Take the required number of tubes/strips for amplification of the DNA obtained from clinical and control samples.
2. For N reactions, add to a new tube:

   10·(N+1) µl of PCR-mix-1-FL Ureaplasma / M.genitalium / M.hominis,

   5.0·(N+1) µl of PCR-mix-2-FRT,

   0.5·(N+1) µl of polymerase (TaqF).

   Vortex the tube, then centrifuge shortly. Transfer 15 µl of the prepared mix to each tube.

3. Using tips with aerosol filter, add **10 µl** of **DNA** obtained at the DNA extraction stage.
4. Carry out the control amplification reactions:

NCA	Add **10 µl** of **DNA-buffer** to the tube labeled NCA (Negative Control of Amplification).
C+	Add **10 µl of Positive Control complex** to the tube labeled C+ (Positive Control of Amplification).
C–	Add **10 µl of the sample extracted from the Negative Control reagent** to the tube labeled C– (Negative control of Extraction).

8.2.2 Amplification

1. Create a temperature profile on your instrument as follows:

Table 2

eSens-1 amplification program

	Rotor-type Instruments (E.g Rotor-Gene Q or equivalent.)			**Plate-type Instruments** (E.g CFX 96 Touch, CFX 96 Opus, QuantStudio 5 or equivalent.)		
Step	Temperature, °C	Time	Cycles	Temperature, °C	Time	Cycles
1	95	15 min	1	95	15 min	1
2	95	5 s	5	95	5 s	5
	60	20 s		60	20 s	
	72	15 s		72	15 s	
3	95	5 s	40	95	5 s	40
	60	20 s fluorescent signal detection		60	30 s fluorescent signal detection	
	72	15 s		72	15 s	

Fluorescent signal is detected in the channels for the JOE, ROX, Cy5 and Cy5.5 fluorophores.

2. Adjust the fluorescence channel sensitivity.
3. Insert tubes into the reaction module of the device.
4. Run the amplification program with fluorescence detection.
5. Analyze results after the amplification program is completed.

8.3 Instrument Settings

Test settings for rotor-type instruments

Channel	**Calibrate/Gain Optimisation**	**Threshold**	**Dynamic tube**	**Slope Correct**	**More Settings/ Outlier Removal**
JOE/Yellow	from 4 FI to 8 FI	0.1	On	Off	5%
ROX/Orange	from 4 FI to 8 FI	0.1	On	Off	5%
Cy5/Red	from 4 FI to 8 FI	0.07	On	On	5%
Cy5.5/Crimson	from 4 FI to 8 FI	0.1	On	On	20%

Test settings for plate-type instruments

Note - Set ***Ramp Rate* 2,5 °C/s** by clicking the *Step Options* button for each step of cycling.

Channel	**Threshold**
HEX, ROX, Cy5, Cy5.5	For each channel in *Log* Scale set the threshold line at the level of 10-20 % of maximum fluorescence obtained for the Positive Control of Amplification (C+) in the last amplification cycle.

9 DATA ANALYSIS

Analysis of results is performed by the software of the real-time PCR instrument used by measuring fluorescence signal accumulation in five channels:

- The signal of the ***Ureaplasma* sp. DNA** amplification product is detected in the channel for the JOE fluorophore,
- The signal of the ***Mycoplasma genitalium* DNA** amplification product is detected in the channel for the ROX fluorophore,
- The signal of the ***Mycoplasma hominis* DNA** amplification product is detected in the channel for the Cy5.5 fluorophore,
- The signal of the **Internal Control DNA** amplification product is detected in the channel for the Cy5 fluorophore.

Results are interpreted by the crossing (or not-crossing) the fluorescence curve with the threshold line set at the specific level that corresponds to the presence (or absence) of a *Ct* value of the DNA sample in the corresponding column of the results grid.

Principle of interpretation is the following:

- ***Ureaplasma* sp. *(U.parvum* and *U.urealyticum)* DNA is detected** if the *Ct* value is determined in the results grid in the channel for the JOE fluorophore. Moreover, the fluorescence curve of the sample should cross the threshold line in the area of typical exponential growth of fluorescence.
- ***Mycoplasma genitalium* DNA is detected** if the *Ct* value is determined in the results grid in the channel for the ROX fluorophore. Moreover, the fluorescence curve of the sample should cross the threshold line in the area of typical exponential growth of fluorescence.
- ***Mycoplasma hominis* DNA is detected** if the *Ct* value is determined in the results grid in the channel for the Cy5.5 fluorophore. Moreover, the fluorescence curve of the sample should cross the threshold line in the area of typical exponential growth of fluorescence.
- ***Ureaplasma* sp. *(U.parvum* and *U.urealyticum), Mycoplasma genitalium,* and *Mycoplasma hominis* DNA are not detected** in a sample if the *Ct* value is not determined (absent) (fluorescence curve does not cross the threshold line) in the channels for JOE, ROX and Cy5.5 fluorophores whereas the *Ct* value determined in the channel for the Cy5 fluorophore is less than the boundary *Ct* value.
- The result is **invalid** if the *Ct* value is not determined (absent) in the channel for Cy5 fluorophore or greater than the specified boundary *Ct* value, whereas the *Ct* value in the channel for the JOE, ROX and Cy5.5 fluorophores is not determined (absent) or greater than the specified boundary *Ct* value. In such cases, the PCR analysis should be repeated starting from the DNA extraction stage

The result of the analysis is considered reliable only if the results obtained for Positive and Negative Controls of amplification as well as for the Negative Control of extraction are correct (see Table 3 and 4).

Table 3

Results for controls

Control	**Stage for control**	***Ct* value in the channel for fluorophore**	
		JOE, ROX and Cy5.5	**Cy5**
C–	DNA extraction	Absent	<boundary value
NCA	PCR	Absent	Absent
C+	PCR	<boundary value	<boundary value

Table 4

Boundary *Ct* values

Sample	**Rotor-type instrument**				**Plate-type instrument**			
	Channel for fluorophore							
	JOE	**ROX**	**Cy5.5**	**Cy5**	**JOE**	**ROX**	**Cy5.5**	**Cy5**
C+	35	35	35	33	38	38	38	36
C-	*Ct* is absent			33	*Ct* is absent			36
NCA	*Ct* is absent				*Ct* is absent			
Test samples	-	-	-	33	-	-	-	36

10 TROUBLESHOOTING

Results of analysis are not taken into account in the following cases:

1. If no signal is detected for Positive Control of Amplification (C+) or the signal is greater than the specified boundary *Ct* value in the channels for the **ROX, JOE** and **Cy5.5** fluorophores, PCR analysis should be repeated starting from the extraction stage for all samples for which *Ct* values in these channels were not detected.
2. If a *Ct* value is determined for the Negative Control of Extraction (C–) and/or for the Negative Control of Amplification (NCA) in the channels for the **ROX, JOE** and **Cy5.5** fluorophores, PCR analysis should be repeated for all samples for which a *Ct* value in these channels was determined.
3. If a positive result (the fluorescence curve crosses the threshold line) is detected for a sample with a fluorescence curve without the area of typical exponential growth (the fluorescence curve is approximately linear), this may indicate incorrect setting of the threshold line or incorrect calculation parameters of baseline. Such a result should not be considered as positive. If such result was obtained in the presence of the correct setting of threshold line, PCR analysis of the sample should be repeated.

11 TRANSPORTATION

eSens Ureaplasma/M.genitalium/M.hominis QL PCR kit should be transported at 2–8 °C for no longer than 10 days.

12 STABILITY AND STORAGE

All components of the **eSens Ureaplasma/M.genitalium/M.hominis QL PCR kit** are to be stored at 2–8 °C when not in use (except for polymerase (TaqF) and PCR-mix-2-FRT). All components of the **eSens Ureaplasma/M.genitalium/M.hominis QL PCR kit** are stable until the expiry date stated on the label. The shelf life of reagents before and after the first use is the same, unless otherwise stated.

NOTE: Polymerase (TaqF) and PCR-mix-2-FRT are to be stored at the temperature from minus 24 to minus 16 °C when not in use.

NOTE: PCR-mix-1-FL Ureaplasma / M.genitalium / M.hominis is to be kept away from light.

13 SPECIFICATIONS

13.1 Sensitivity

The analytical sensitivity for *Ureaplasma* spp., *Mycoplasma genitalium,* and *Mycoplasma hominis* is not less than $5x10^2$ genome equivalents per 1 ml of sample (GE/ml).

The analytical sensitivity for each microorganism is preserved in the presence of high DNA concentrations of other analyte microorganism (for example, in case of mixed-infections).

13.2 Specificity

The analytical specificity of **eSens Ureaplasma/M.genitalium/M.hominis QL PCR kit** is ensured by selection of specific primers and probes as well as stringent reaction conditions. The primers and probes have been checked for possible homologies to all sequences published in gene banks by sequence comparison analysis.

The clinical specificity of **eSens Ureaplasma/M.genitalium/M.hominis QL PCR kit** was confirmed in laboratory clinical trials.

14 QUALITY CONTROL

The production process, including batch release, is carried out in accordance with an established quality management system certified according to ISO 13485.

15 KEY TO SYMBOLS USED

REF	Catalogue number
LOT	Batch code
IVD	*In vitro* diagnostic medical device
VER	Version
	Temperature limit
	Manufacturer
	Date of manufacture
EC REP	Authorized representative in the European Community

	Caution
	Contains sufficient for <n> tests
	Use-by Date
	Consult instructions for use
	Keep away from sunlight
NCA	Negative control of amplification
C-	Negative control of extraction
C+	Positive control of amplification
IC	Internal control

List of Changes Made in the Instruction Manual

VER	Location of changes	Essence of changes
01_04/2022		
02_05/2026	8 PROTOCOL	This section was changed.
	11 TRANSPORTATION	Transport conditions were changed.

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